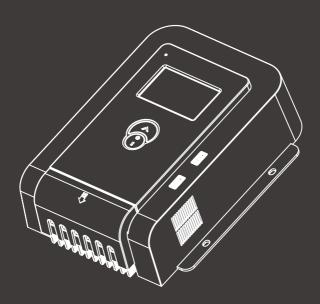
## SOLAR CHARGE CONTROLLER

## User's manual-02



# MPPT

- Thank you for selecting this series solar charge controller, please read this specification before using the product.
- ★ Please keep this specification for the further reference.



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#### 1. OVERVIEW:

Thank you for selecting MPPT series solar charge controller with the most advanced MPPT control algorithm and the maximum power point of the pv array can be quickly tracked in any environment so that it can get the maximum energy from the solar panel and significantly improve the utilization of energy in solar system. The machine has the dual display function of LCD and Remote header (optional) and standard communication interface, convenient for user extension application and satisfy different monitoring needs to the maximum extent. It can be used in communication base station, home power supply system, traffic light, solar street lamp, courtyard lamp system, etc. The

- Advanced MPPT maximum power point tracking technology, the tracking efficiency is no less than 99.5%.
- High quality components are used to improve the system performance, and the maximum conversion efficiency can reach97%.
- Super fast maximum power tracking speed while ensuring tracking efficiency.
- Accurate identification and tracking of the maximum power point of multi-wave peak.
- Reliable maximum input power of pv array to ensure the safety of equipment.
- Wide pv array maximum power point operating voltage range.
   12/24v automatic voltage identification
- •The LCD is designed to dynamically display the operation data and working status of the equipment.
- Various load control modes: general mode, light control mode, dual time mode, pure charger mode and timing mode.
- Seal, GEL, Flooded, LifePO4 and Li (NiCoMn) O2 charging process can be selected.
- The function of battery temperature compensation.
- Power statistics recording function.

#### 2. PRODUCT APPEARANCE:

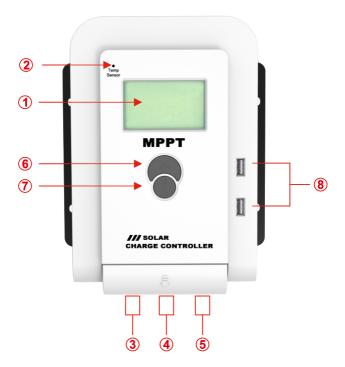


Photo 1 Appearance

1	LCD	5	Load terminal		
2	Temperature sensor interface(Selection)	6	Menu Button "^"		
3	Photovoltaic array terminals	7	Set Button "C"		
4	Battery terminal	8	USB output		

NOTICE: In the case of the remote temperature sensor not connected, the controller will compensate the charging parameters by 25°C for the battery temperature.

#### 3. WIRING

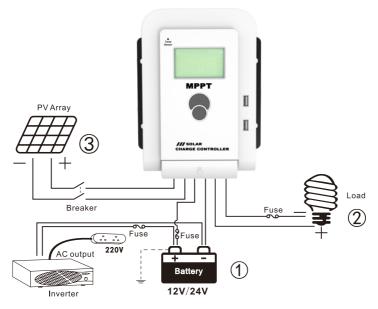


Photo 2 Connection diagram

#### Order of connection:

① Connect battery

Notice: The battery terminal shall be installed with insurance, and the installation distance shall not exceed 50mm

- 2 Connected Load
- ③ Connect pv array
- 4 Controller is powered on

Connect the battery, identify the voltage of the control system and observe whether the display screen is lighted. If it doesn't work or the display is abnormal, refer to section 6 for troubleshooting.



NOTICE: This series of MPPT is a common positive: controller, pv array, battery and load of the positive pole can be grounded at the same time.



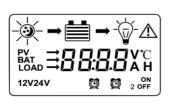
NOTICE: If the inverter or other starting current is loaded. Sin the system, please connect the inverter directly to the battery. Do not connect with the controller's load terminal.

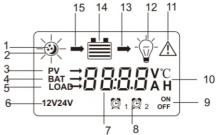
#### 4. DESCRIPTION

#### 4.1 Buttons

Mode	Remarks				
load switch	When the load is manual mode, by short pressing set button can switch the load.				
Breakdown Pressing the set button shortly					
Browse mode   Pressing the menu or set button shortly					
Setting mode	Long press menu button enter the secondary browsing interface and then press menu or set button to browse interface, long press menu again to enter the setting mode, short press menu or set button to set parameters then long press menu button to save the setting Long press set button or 20s without keystroke operation will exit secondary browsing interface (parameter not saved)				

#### 4.2 LCD





- The default night display of controller:
   When the solar panel input voltage have been detected by
   controller less than sensor identification point voltage, this graphic
   symbol will be light.
- 2. The default daytime display of controller:
  When the solar panel input voltage have been detected by controller more than sensor identification point voltage, this graphic symbol will be light.

- 3. The indicator of PV array parameter:
  - When the solar panels data was displaying, this graphic symbol will be light, for example the voltage of solar panel.
- 4. The indicator of battery parameter: When the battery parameter was displaying, this graphic symbol will be light, for example the voltage of battery, temperature of battery
- 5. The indicator of load parameter:

When the load parameter was displaying, this graphic symbol will be light.

6. System voltage:

When the LCD shows different system voltage, controller will adjust the technical data automatically.

- 7. Numerical display area
- 8. Timer setting function
- 9. Switch graphic symbol
- 10.Unit symbol value
- 11. Warning:

When there is fault, this graphic symbol will be light.

12. The indicator of load status:

Load on, Load off.

13. The indicator of output power:

When the load terminal have output, this graphic symbol will be light.

14. The indicator of capacity of battery:

When the battery was in different capacity, the strip-type will show.

15. The indicator of charge status:

When the controller is charging, the symbol will be light, float charge will be flash, no charging no display.

#### 5. INSTALLATION IMPORTANT NOTE

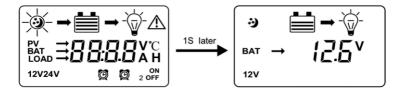
- The controller should be installed well-ventilated place, avoid direct sunlight, high temperature and do not install in location where water can enter the controller.
- 2) Please select correct screw to fix the controller on the wall or other platform. Screw M4 or M5, screw cap diameter less than 10mm
- 3) Please reserve enough space between the wall and controller, to allow for cooling and cable connection.
- 4) Connect components to the charge controller in the sequence, please pay much attention to the positive" and "negative", don't insert the fuse or turn on the breaker during the installation. When disconnecting the system, the order will be reserved.

- 5)Always connect the battery first, in order to allow the controller recognize the system voltage.
- 6) The battery fuse should be installed as close to battery as possible.
- 7) The distance between the battery fuse to battery group is within 150mm
- 8)Positive grounding controller, any positive connection of solar load or battery can be earth grounded as required.
- 9) All terminals are in tight status after leaving factory, in order to well connected, please loose all terminals at first.
- 10)The sequence of connection please do not free change, otherwise cause system voltage recognition fault.
- 11) The length of cable between battery and controller as shorter as possible. Suggest 30cm to 100cm.
- 12) If short circuit happened on the terminals of controller, it will be result in fire or explode. Please be careful. (We strongly suggest to connecting a fuse at the battery side 1.5 time of rated current of controller)
- 13) If the battery reverse connection, the output of controller also same with battery polarity, please do not connect any load with controller at that time, or the load and controller will be destroyed.
- 14)The voltage of solar panel is very high under sunshine, high voltage can cause injury or destroy controller, make sure PVmax under required safety MPP range.
- 15) Avoiding injury from load voltage, please close to the output of controller with button at first, then connected the load on the controller. The controller do not offer reverse connection protection for load, so please take care, reverse connection for load will be destroy bulb.

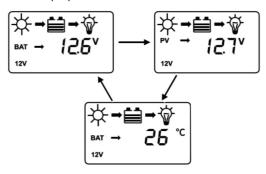
### 6. OPERATION STEPS

#### Main interface

1) The controller will have 1s initialization interface after electrified, then go into main interface.



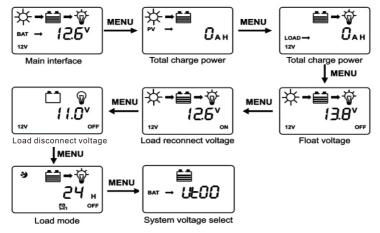
2) If no operation at main interface inner 20s, the main interface will be auto exchange during voltage of battery, voltage of solar panel, temperature of environment, each interface keep 3s. Long press "set" more than 5s at main interface, it will speed auto exchange. Loose button will stop speed.



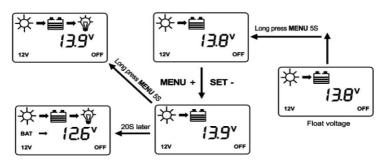
3) Press "set" under main interface could open or close



4) Press "menu' button could join into next menu under main interface.



#### a) Float voltage set up



This parameter is high voltage disconnection (HVD) voltage. (Boost state voltage will be increase 0.6V base on HVD). The controller will be started PWM function at this point (HVD), limited voltage rising. Press "menu" button join in float voltage menu.

Long press "menu" button more than 5s, the parameter on the interface will be flash, here is set up state. Loose the button, press "menu" button again could operate plus data, press "set" button could operate minus data. After finish required technical data, long press "menu" button again more than 5s, the parameter save and come out set up state, if 20s no any operation, automatically back to main interface.

#### b) Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage (LVR)

When the voltage of battery is low, the control will stop offer power to the load. If the controller needs reconnected the output, the voltage of battery must be higher than LVD voltage or press "set" button force to release. The procedure is same with (a).



c) Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage (LVD)

When the voltage of battery is low, the load output will be cut off. When the controller detected the battery voltage was less than LVD point, the cut off function will be immediately working. At the same time, the status of controller is in lock. Users have to charge the battery, when the battery voltage is higher than LVD voltage or press "set" button force to release. The load output will be back. The procedure is same with (a).



▲ Above a, b, c three parameter default data was fully considered by designer according to the actual use. Generally users don't need to adjust. Please must be refer to battery supplier's suggestion, or the battery will be damaged or irreparable destroy.

#### d) Load Working Mode Selection

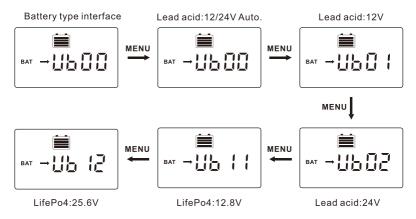
The control default load working 24hours. When the load working time set to 24hours, the load will keep working 24hours in no fault status. When the load working time set to less than 23Hours, it means the load start timer or sensor function. If the battery capacity is enough, the load will be started at sunset. The load will work under timer setting hours or stop working till sunrise.



Load mode

▲ When the load join into timer or sensor mode, if the reset working time more than actual night time, the load output will be closed at sunrise, although the working time is not reach to setting hours, for example, the local actual night time is 10hours, user reset the working time at night is 12hours, but 10hours later the output will be closed automatically, the balance hours will be back to zero. The load will be working with next sunset signal.

#### e) System Voltage Select



## **7.FAULT MANAGEMENT**

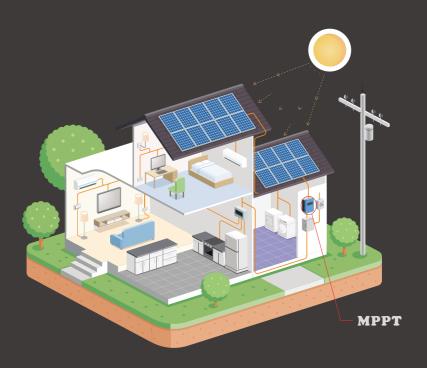
Error code	Cause	Correction			
PV array indicator is off when sunlight is enough	Solar panel is disconnected	Check whether PV array connection is proper			
No sign on the LCD when connection is right	1.Battery voltage is less than 8v 2.Voltage of solar panel is less than battery voltage	1.Check battery voltage (at least 8v to activate the controller)     2. The voltage of PV must be higher than battery voltage.			
<b>E</b> <sub>(Ex1)</sub>	Battery over discharge	The load will stop automatically and recover when battery voltage reaches 12.6V(LVR)			
<b>E</b> _(Ex2)	Battery over voltage	Make sure the settled value of high voltage disconnection voltage (LVD) is over battery voltage and reconnect PV array.			
E <sub>(Ex3)</sub> Over load		Reduce load or check load connection			
<b>E</b>	Controller overheating	The controller will restart after it cools down			
Input voltage of solar panel is too high		Check voltage of solar panel and reduce quantities of solar panel in series.			
<b>E</b>	Controller will restart after setting system voltage	No operation			

## 8.TROUBLESHOOTING

Problems	Troubleshooting
PV array indicator is off	Check whether PV array connection is proper
1.Battery voltage is less then 8v     2.Voltage of solar panel is less than battery voltage	1.Check battery voltage (at least 8v to activate the controller)     2. The voltage of PV must be higher than battery voltage.
Battery over discharge	The load will stop and recover when battery voltage reaches 12.6V(LVR)
Battery over voltage and charging continue	Make sure the settled value of high voltage disconnection voltage (LVD) is over battery voltage and disconnect PV array.
Over-load	Reduce the load and check wire connection.
Controller over temperature	The controller will restart after it cool down
Charging current of solar panel is too large	Check power of solar panel and reduce quantities of solar panel in parallel; Restart after 2 minutes.
LVD icon is on	1.Check whether systerm voltage is right     2.Charge the battery untill 12.6v then the load will recover.
HVD icon is on	1.Check whether systerm voltage is right     2.Disconnect PV array to check whether battery voltage will go down. If not, reconnect the battery.
OCP icon is on	Because of the load short circuit or over load, Check whether there is short circuit or over rated value. Check the load current is too high when starting

## 9.TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Rated charge current		10A	20A	30A	30A	40A	50A	60A	
System rated voltage	12V/24V Auto work								
Maximum input power 12V		130W 260W	260W 520W	390W 780W	390W 780W	520W 1040W	650W 1300W	780W 1560W	
Voltage range of battery		8-32V							
Max open voltage of PV modul	<75V <100V								
Battery type	User default, Sealed, Flooded, GEL, LiFePO4								
Equalized charging voltage	Maintenance-fee lead acid battery 14.6V, GEL: No; Lead acid flooded battery: 14.8V								
Absorption charging voltage		Maintenance-fee lea				d acid battery 14.4V, looded battery: 14.6V			
Floating charging voltage		Maintenance-fee lead acid battery, GEL, Lead acid flooded battery: 13.8V							
Low voltage re-connection (LV	R)	Maintenance-fee lead acid battery, GEL, Lead acid flooded battery: 12.6V							
Low voltage disconnection (LV	Maintenance-fee lead acid battery, GEL, Lead acid flooded battery: 10.8V								
Static loss		≤9.2mA 12V; ≤11.7mA 24V							
High voltage disconnection (HV	16V (24V x 2)								
Duration of absorption chargin	g	2 Hours							
Light control voltage	5V								
Charge loop voltage drop	≤0.29V								
LCD Temperature	rature			-20°C~+70°C					
Operating Temperature		-20°C~+55°C (To run at full rated current continuously)				ously)			
Working humidity		≤95% No condensation							
Protection class		IP30							
Dimension (LxWxH) mm		175 x 1	40 x 41	197 x 153 x 55	215 x 1	70 x 67	265 x 1	90 x 67	
Installation hole size(LxW)mn	n	88 x 1	29Ø4	90 x 141 Ø 5	90 x 1	57ø5	120 x1	76Ø5	



Thank you for your use!